

Relative Points and Completions of Indexed Categories

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Relative boolean algebras

Stone duality states $\mathbf{Bool}^{\mathrm{op}} \simeq \mathbf{Stone} \simeq \mathbf{Pro}(\mathbf{Fin})$.

The notions of Boolean algebra and of finite cardinal can be interpreted in any (Grothendieck) topos $\mathcal{E}$.

Question

Do we still have $\mathbf{Bool}(\mathcal{E})^{\mathrm{op}} \simeq \mathbf{Pro}(\mathbf{Fin}(\mathcal{E}))$ for an arbitrary Grothendieck topos $\mathcal{E}$?

The answer is no (even in a simple topos such as the topos of group actions of $\mathbf{Z}$ on sets).

To obtain this result, we replace the classical pro-completion by its **relative analogue**, as defined below.

From ordinary to relative toposes

Terminal category 1	(Small-generated) site $(\mathcal{C}, J)$
Topos of sets Set Category $\mathcal{D}$ (Cofiltered) limits in $\mathcal{D}$ Pro-completion Pro ($\mathcal{D}$) Presheaf topos Set $^{\mathcal{D}^{\text{op}}}$ Cat. of pts Pt ($\mathcal{E}$) = $\mathfrak{Top}(\mathbf{Set}, \mathcal{E})$ Pro ($\mathcal{D}$) $\simeq \mathbf{Pt}(\mathbf{Set}^{\mathcal{D}^{\text{op}}})^{\text{op}}$	Sheaf topos Sh ($\mathcal{C}, J$)

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This correspondence answers the previous question:

- ▶ $\mathcal{C} = \mathbf{Z}$ (viewed as a one-object category) and $J_{\mathbf{Z}}^{\text{triv}}$ the trivial topology;
- ▶ **Sh**($\mathcal{C}, J$) = **Set** ^{$\mathbf{Z}^{\text{op}}$} ;
- ▶ $\mathbb{D} = \mathbf{Finz}$ (the $\mathbf{Z}$ -indexed category with value the category of finite sets and functions between them, with the trivial action of $\mathbf{Z}$);
- ▶ **Bool**(**Set** ^{$\mathbf{Z}^{\text{op}}$})^{op} $\simeq$ **Pro** _{$\mathbf{Z}$} (**Finz**) (the $\mathbf{Z}$ -indexed pro-compl. of **Finz**).

Indexed categories and stacks

Let $\mathcal{C}$ be a category.

Definitions

1. A **$\mathcal{C}$ -indexed category** is a pseudo-functor $\mathbb{D}: \mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathfrak{Cat}$.

1-dimensional (Set)	2-dimensional (Cat)
Presheaves $\mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}$ Natural transformations Category $\mathbf{Set}^{\mathcal{C}^{\text{op}}}$ Sheaves	Indexed categories $\mathbb{D}: \mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathfrak{Cat}$

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1-dimensional (Set)	2-dimensional (Cat)
Presheaves $\mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}$	Indexed categories $\mathbb{D}: \mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathfrak{Cat}$
Natural transformations	Indexed functors
Category $\mathbf{Set}^{\mathcal{C}^{\text{op}}}$	2-category $\mathfrak{Cat}_{\mathcal{C}}$
Sheaves	

Indexed categories and stacks

Let $\mathcal{C}$ be a category endowed with a Grothendieck topology J .

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3. A **J -stack** is a $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed category $\mathbb{D}$ such that for all J -covering sieves $\mathcal{R}$ on an object U of $\mathcal{C}$, $\mathbb{D}(U) \xrightarrow{\sim} \varprojlim_{(V \rightarrow U) \in \mathcal{R}} \mathbb{D}(V)$.

1-dimensional (Set)	2-dimensional (Cat)
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Natural transformations	Indexed functors
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Examples of indexed categories

- **Constant** $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed category with value $\mathcal{D}$ defined by

$$\mathcal{D}_{\mathcal{C}}(V \xrightarrow{u} U) = \mathcal{D} \xrightarrow{1_{\mathcal{D}}} \mathcal{D} \quad \text{for all morphisms } V \xrightarrow{u} U \text{ of } \mathcal{C}.$$

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- For $\mathcal{D} = \mathbf{1}$, $\mathbf{1}_{\mathcal{C}}$ is the **terminal** $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed category.
- **Canonical stack** of the topos $\mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)$

$$\mathbb{S}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}(U) = \mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}_{/U}, J_{/U}) \simeq \mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)_{/U}$$

and for every $u: V \rightarrow U$,

$$\mathbb{S}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}(u) = u^*: \mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)_{/U} \longrightarrow \mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)_{/V}.$$

G -indexed categories

Let G be a group viewed as a one-object category.

- ▶ A G -indexed category $\mathbb{D}$ consists in a pseudo-action of G on a category, i.e.
 1. a category $\mathbb{D}(\bullet)$;
 2. a family of auto-equivalences $(\mathbb{D}(g): \mathbb{D}(\bullet) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbb{D}(\bullet))_{g \in G}$ compatible with the group structure.
- ▶ For any category $\mathcal{D}$, the constant G -indexed category $\mathcal{D}_G$ corresponds to the trivial action of G of $\mathcal{D}$

$$\mathcal{D}_G(\bullet) = \mathcal{D} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathcal{D}_G(g) = 1_{\mathcal{D}} \quad \text{for all } g \in G.$$

- ▶ A G -indexed functor $\mathbf{1}_G \rightarrow \mathcal{D}_G$ corresponds to the datum of an object X of $\mathcal{D}$ with a right action of G on it, i.e. a family of automorphisms $(\sigma^g: X \xrightarrow{\sim} X)$ that is compatible with the group structure.

From ordinary to relative toposes

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The ordinary pro-completion **Pro**($\mathcal{D}$) is constructed as the full subcategory of **(Set** $^{\mathcal{D}})^{\text{op}}$ formed by the **pro-representable** $F: \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}$, i.e. the small cofiltered limits of representable functors $\text{Hom}(X, -): \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}$.

Indexed limits (adapted from [ParSch78])

Recall that the limit of a diagram $\Phi: \mathcal{I} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$ is a cone that is *universal*. In indexed category theory, we have the indexed analogue of it:

Definitions

Consider a $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed functor $\Phi: \mathbb{I} \rightarrow \mathbb{D}$.

A **$\mathcal{C}$ -indexed cone** over Φ consists in the data of:

(vertex) a $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed functor $X: \mathbf{1}_{\mathcal{C}} \rightarrow \mathbb{D}$;

(legs) for every object U of $\mathcal{C}$, a cone $(\phi_I: X_U \rightarrow \Phi_U(I))$ over Φ_U in the fibre $\mathbb{D}(U)$

satisfying a compatibility condition with respect to base change by morphisms in $\mathcal{C}$.

A **$\mathcal{C}$ -indexed limit** of Φ is a $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed cone universal in a sense stable under base change.

An example of G -indexed limit

Let X be a Stone space on which G operates continuously via $(\sigma^g)_{g \in G}$.

- ▶ (X, σ^g) yields an indexed functor $\mathbf{1}_G \rightarrow \mathbf{Stone}_G$.
- ▶ In $\mathbf{Stone}$, X is the co-filtered limit $\varprojlim D$ over $\mathcal{I}$, where $\mathcal{I}$ is the category whose objects are the pairs (D, d) , $d: X \rightarrow D$ being a continuous map towards a finite discrete space D .
- ▶ If $\mathcal{I}$ is equipped with the trivial action of G , then the indexed limit of the above diagram (viewed as G -indexed in the trivial way) is $(X, \mathbf{1}_X)$.
- ▶ If $\mathcal{I}$ is equipped with the auto-equivalences

$$(X \xrightarrow{p} D) \longmapsto p \circ \sigma^g, \quad g \in G$$

the indexed limit is now (X, σ^g) .

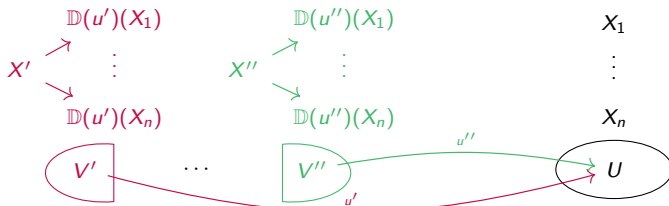
Locally cofiltered indexed categories

Let $(\mathcal{C}, J)$ be a site.

Definition ([SGA 4])

A $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed category $\mathbb{D}$ is said to be **locally cofiltered** if:

- ▶ any finite (eventually empty) family of objects (X_i) in a fibre $\mathbb{D}(U)$ can be locally spanned;
- ▶ any parallel pair of arrows $Y \begin{smallmatrix} f \\ \rightrightarrows \\ g \end{smallmatrix} X$ in a fibre $\mathbb{D}(U)$ can be locally equalised.



Indexed pro-completion

Definition

A $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed functor $F: \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{S}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}$ is called **pro-representable** if there are:

- ▶ a small locally cofiltered $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed category $\mathbb{I}$;
- ▶ a $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed functor $\Phi: \mathbb{I} \rightarrow \mathbb{D}$;

such that F is a $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed limit of the $\underline{\text{Hom}}(\Phi(I), -)$.

- ▶ Write $\mathbf{Pro}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}(\mathbb{D})$ for the full sub-category of $\mathcal{C}\text{at}_{\mathcal{C}}(\mathbb{D}, \mathbb{S}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)})^{\text{op}}$ formed by its pro-representable objects.
- ▶ $\mathbf{Pro}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}(\mathbb{D})$ is an ordinary category which can be made $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed.

Definition ([CM])

The **indexed pro-completion** of $\mathbb{D}$ is the $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed category

$$\underline{\mathbf{Pro}}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}(\mathbb{D}): U \longmapsto \mathbf{Pro}_{(\mathcal{C}/U, J/U)}(\mathbb{D}/U).$$

Universal property

- ▶ $\mathbf{Pro}_{(C,J)}(\mathbb{D})$ is a J -stack having all small locally cofiltered indexed limits.
- ▶ It is universal with this property:

Theorem ([CM])

For any J -stack $\mathbb{E}$ having all small locally cofiltered indexed limits, there is an equivalence between:

1. *the category of indexed functors $\mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{E}$;*
2. *the category of indexed functors $\mathbf{Pro}_{(C,J)}(\mathbb{D}) \rightarrow \mathbb{E}$ preserving J -small locally cofiltered indexed limits.*

The definition of $\mathbf{Pro}_{(C,J)}(\mathbb{D})$ is algebraic, but it also admits a geometric description through **relative points**.

From ordinary to relative toposes

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Relative points

Definitions

Let $(\mathcal{C}, J)$ be a (small-generated) site.

1. A **relative topos** is a geometric morphism $p: \mathcal{E} \rightarrow \mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)$.

2. A **relative morphism** between relative toposes is

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{F} & \xrightarrow{f} & \mathcal{E} \\ & \searrow q \quad \swarrow p & \\ & \mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J) & \end{array} \quad .$$

(A curved arrow labeled $\sim$ connects the two diagonal arrows q and p .)

3. A **relative point** of $p: \mathcal{E} \rightarrow \mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)$ is a relative morphism

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J) & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \mathcal{E} \\ & \searrow 1_{\mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)} \quad \swarrow p & \\ & \mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J) & \end{array} \quad .$$

(A curved arrow labeled $\sim$ connects the two diagonal arrows $1_{\mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)}$ and p .)

When $\mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J) = \mathbf{Set}$, relative toposes reduce to ordinary toposes.

Giraud toposes, i.e. relative presheaf toposes

Proposition ([CarZan21])

Let $(\mathcal{C}, J)$ be a (small-generated) site and $\mathbb{D}$ be a *J-small* $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed category. Then the category of $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed functors from $\mathbb{D}^{\text{op}}$ to the canonical stack $\mathbb{S}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}$ is a Grothendieck topos

$$\text{Gir}(\mathbb{D}) := \mathcal{C}\text{at}_{\mathcal{C}}(\mathbb{D}^{\text{op}}, \mathbb{S}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}) \simeq \mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{G}(\mathbb{D}), J_{\mathbb{D}}^{\text{Gir}}),$$

where $\mathcal{G}(\mathbb{D})$ is the Grothendieck category of $\mathbb{D}$ and $J_{\mathbb{D}}^{\text{Gir}}$ is the Giraud topology (i.e. the smallest topology making the projection functor $p_{\mathbb{D}}: \mathcal{G}(\mathbb{D}) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ a comorphism of sites).

- ▶ This topos is naturally defined over $\mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)$ by means of the structure morphism $\mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{G}(\mathbb{D}), J_{\mathbb{D}}^{\text{Gir}}) \rightarrow \mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)$ induced by $p_{\mathbb{D}}$.
- ▶ $\text{Gir}(\mathbb{D})$ thus constitutes the topos of “relative presheaves over $\mathbb{D}$ ”.

Relative points of a Giraud topos

Let $\mathbb{D}$ be a J -small $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed category.

- Any object X of some $\mathbb{D}(U)$ yields a relative morphism $\mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)_{/U} \rightarrow \mathbf{Gir}(\mathbb{D})$ of inverse image the evaluation functor at X :

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{Gir}(\mathbb{D}) &= \mathfrak{Cat}_{\mathcal{C}}(\mathbb{D}^{\mathrm{op}}, \mathbb{S}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}) \longrightarrow \mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)_{/U}. \\ (F: \mathbb{D}^{\mathrm{op}} \rightarrow \mathbb{S}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}) &\longmapsto F(X) \end{aligned}$$

- This defines an indexed functor

$$\mathbb{D} \longrightarrow \mathfrak{Top}_{/\mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)}(\mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)_{/-}, \mathbf{Gir}(\mathbb{D})).$$

Theorem ([CM])

The previous indexed functor induces an equivalence

$$\mathbf{Pro}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}(\mathbb{D}) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbf{Pt}_{\mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)}(\mathbf{Gir}(\mathbb{D}))^{\mathrm{op}}.$$

An example of Giraud topos

For $(\mathcal{C}, J) = (G, J_G^{\text{triv}})$ and $\mathbb{D} = \mathbf{Fin}_G$, $\text{Gir}(\mathbf{Fin}_G)$ has concretely:

1. for objects the presheaves $F: \mathbf{Fin}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}$ with a right action of G $(\phi^g: F \xrightarrow{\sim} F)_{g \in G}$;
2. for morphisms $(F_1, \phi_1) \rightarrow (F_2, \phi_2)$ the natural transformations $\tau: F_1 \Rightarrow F_2$ such that $\tau \circ \phi_1^g = \phi_2^g \circ \tau$ for every $g \in G$.

In fact, there is a bi-adjunction

$$\mathfrak{Cat}_G \begin{array}{c} \xleftarrow{(-)_G} \\ \xrightarrow[\mathfrak{Cat}_G(\mathbf{1}_G, -)]{\perp} \end{array} \mathfrak{Cat} ,$$

so

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Gir}(\mathbf{Fin}_G) &= \mathfrak{Cat}_G(\mathbf{Fin}_G^{\text{op}}, \mathbb{S}_{(G, J_G^{\text{triv}})}) \\ &\simeq \mathfrak{Cat}(\mathbf{Fin}^{\text{op}}, \mathbf{Set}^{G^{\text{op}}}) && (\text{since } \mathfrak{Cat}_G(\mathbf{1}_G, \mathbb{S}_{(G, J_G^{\text{triv}})}) \simeq \mathbf{Set}^{G^{\text{op}}}) \\ &\simeq \mathbf{Set}^{\mathbf{Fin}^{\text{op}}} \times \mathbf{Set}^{G^{\text{op}}} && (\text{product of two presheaf toposes}). \end{aligned}$$

Indexed pro-completion of finite G -sets

- First, $\mathbf{Pro}_{(G, J_G^{\text{triv}})}(\mathbf{Fin}_G) \simeq \mathbf{Pt}_{\mathbf{Set}^{G^{\text{op}}}}(\text{Gir}(\mathbf{Fin}_G))^{\text{op}}$.
- Moreover, since $\text{Gir}(\mathbf{Fin}_G) \simeq \mathbf{Set}^{\mathbf{Fin}^{\text{op}}} \times \mathbf{Set}^{G^{\text{op}}}$ and $\mathbf{Set}^{\mathbf{Fin}^{\text{op}}}$ classifies boolean algebras,

$$\mathbf{Pt}_{\mathbf{Set}^{G^{\text{op}}}}(\text{Gir}(\mathbf{Fin}_G)) \simeq \mathfrak{Top}(\mathbf{Set}^{G^{\text{op}}}, \mathbf{Set}^{\mathbf{Fin}^{\text{op}}}) \simeq \mathbf{Bool}(\mathbf{Set}^{G^{\text{op}}}).$$

- Thus

$$\mathbf{Bool}(\mathbf{Set}^{G^{\text{op}}})^{\text{op}} \simeq \mathbf{Pro}_{(G, J_G^{\text{triv}})}(\mathbf{Fin}_G).$$

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KZ-monadicity

The pseudo-functor $\underline{\mathbf{Pro}}_{(C,J)}: \mathcal{C}at_C \rightarrow \mathcal{C}at_C$ defines a pseudo-monad on $\mathcal{C}at_C$ with unit $L: 1_{\mathcal{C}at_C} \Rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{Pro}}_{(C,J)}$.

Proposition ([CM])

$\underline{\mathbf{Pro}}_{(C,J)}$ is a *co-KZ-monad* (also called a *colax-idempotent pseudo-monad*), i.e. there exists a modification

$$\underline{\mathbf{Pro}}_{(C,J)} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{L_{\underline{\mathbf{Pro}}_{(C,J)}}} \\ \Downarrow m \\ \xrightarrow{\underline{\mathbf{Pro}}_{(C,J)}(L)} \end{array} \underline{\mathbf{Pro}}_{(C,J)} \underline{\mathbf{Pro}}_{(C,J)}$$

satisfying some coherence conditions.

To make *idempotent* this co-KZ-monad in a universal way, the strategy is to replace $\underline{\mathbf{Pro}}_{(C,J)}$ by the inverter of m .

Indexed Karoubi envelope

Proposition ([CM])

Let $\mathbb{D}$ be a $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed category. The inverter of $m_{\mathbb{D}}$ is the full indexed sub-category $\underline{\mathbf{Kar}}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}(\mathbb{D})$ of $\underline{\mathbf{Pro}}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}(\mathbb{D})$ formed by the local retracts of indexed representable functors.

- ▶ Recall that a category $\mathcal{A}$ is said to be **karoubian** if any idempotent endomorphism $e: A \rightarrow A$ of $\mathcal{A}$ splits as $A \xrightarrow{p} B \xrightarrow{i} A$ with $p \circ i = 1_B$.
- ▶ $\underline{\mathbf{Kar}}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}(\mathbb{D})$ is the stack associated to the fiberwise Karoubi envelope of $\mathbb{D}$.

Theorem

For any J -stack $\mathbb{E}$ whose fibres are all karoubian, there is an equivalence between:

1. the category of indexed functors $\mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{E}$;
2. the category of indexed functors $\underline{\mathbf{Kar}}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}(\mathbb{D}) \rightarrow \mathbb{E}$.

Relative essential points

Proposition ([Bun79])

For any relative topos $p: \mathcal{E} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}$, there is a correspondence between:

- ▶ *relative essential points* $s: \text{Id}_{\mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)} \rightarrow p$, i.e. those such that s^* admits a $\mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)$ -indexed left adjoint $s_!$;
- ▶ *relatively irreducible objects* X of $\mathcal{E}$, i.e. those such that $\underline{\text{Hom}}_{\mathcal{E}}(X, -)$ preserves indexed colimits.

Theorem

Through the equivalence $\mathbf{Pro}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}(\mathbb{D}) \simeq \mathbf{Pt}_{\mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)}(\text{Gir}(\mathbb{D}))^{\text{op}}$, objects of $\underline{\mathbf{Kar}}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}(\mathbb{D})$ correspond to relative essential points of $\text{Gir}(\mathbb{D})$.

Stack associated to an indexed category

- ▶ Any $\mathcal{C}$ -indexed category $\mathbb{D}$ can be turned into a stack.
- ▶ The construction can be performed by applying **three times** the pseudo-functor $(-)^+$ defined by

$$\mathbb{D}^+ : U \mapsto \varinjlim_{\mathcal{R} \in J(U)} \varprojlim_{(V \rightarrow U) \in \mathcal{R}} \mathbb{D}(V).$$

- ▶ We have a more geometric construction.

Proposition

*The indexed sub-category of $\mathbf{Kar}_{(\mathcal{C}, J)}(\mathbb{D})$ formed by the **locally representable objects** is the stack associated to $\mathbb{D}$.*

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Thank you for your attention!

Terminal category 1	Site $(\mathcal{C}, J)$
Topos of sets Set Category $\mathcal{D}$ (Cofiltered) limits in $\mathcal{D}$ Pro-completion Pro($\mathcal{D}$) Presheaf topos Set^{$\mathcal{D}^{\text{op}}$} Cat. of pts Pt($\mathcal{E}$) = $\mathcal{T}^{\text{op}}(\mathbf{Set}, \mathcal{E})$ Pro($\mathcal{D}$) $\simeq \mathbf{Pt}(\mathbf{Set}^{\mathcal{D}^{\text{op}}})^{\text{op}}$ Karoubi envelope Kar($\mathcal{D}$) Cat of ess. pts PtEss($\mathcal{E}$) Irreducible objects Kar($\mathcal{D}$) $\simeq \mathbf{PtEss}(\mathbf{Set}^{\mathcal{D}^{\text{op}}})^{\text{op}}$	Sheaf topos Sh($\mathcal{C}, J$) Indexed category $\mathbb{D}: \mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathfrak{Cat}$ (Locally cofiltered) ind. limits in $\mathbb{D}$ Ind. pro-completion Pro_($\mathcal{C}, J$)($\mathbb{D}$) Giraud topos Gir($\mathbb{D}$) Cat. of rel. pts Pt_{/Sh($\mathcal{C}, J$)}($\mathcal{E}$) Pro_($\mathcal{C}, J$)($\mathbb{D}$) $\simeq \mathbf{Pt}_{\mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)}(\mathbf{Gir}(\mathbb{D}))^{\text{op}}$ Ind. Karoubi envelope Kar_($\mathcal{C}, J$)($\mathbb{D}$) Cat. of rel. ess. pts PtEss_{Sh($\mathcal{C}, J$)}($\mathcal{E}$) Relatively irreducible objects Kar_($\mathcal{C}, J$)($\mathbb{D}$) $\simeq \mathbf{PtEss}_{\mathbf{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, J)}(\mathbf{Gir}(\mathbb{D}))^{\text{op}}$