Truth valuational semantics (as in propositional logic) does not work:

- 1. I am in Kraków.
- 2. It's possible for me to be in Kraków.
- 3. 4 is a prime number.
- 4. It is possible that 4 is a prime number.

Kripke model: (W, R, I) where W = possible worlds, R = accessibility relation, and I = evaluation/interpretation: tells which atomic propositions are true in which worlds. For a world $v \in W$ write $v(\alpha) = 1$ if α is true at v, and $v(\alpha) = 0$ if α is false at v. Rules:

- $v(\neg \alpha) = 1$ iff $v(\alpha) = 0$
- $v(\alpha \land \beta) = 1$ iff $v(\alpha) = 1$ and $v(\beta) = 1$
- $v(\alpha \lor \beta) = 1$ iff $v(\alpha) = 1$ or $v(\beta) = 1$
- $v(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) = 1$ iff $v(\alpha) = 0$ or $v(\beta) = 1$
- $v(\Diamond \alpha) = 1$ iff there is w such that vRw and $w(\alpha) = 1$
- $v(\Diamond \alpha) = 1$ iff for all w such that $vRw, w(\alpha) = 1$

The formula is **true** (satisfied) **in a model** if it is true at every world. Modal logic **K**: no restriction on *R* Modal logic **S4**: *R* is transitive and reflexive

- 1. Check the following formulas on K and S4 models.
 - 1. $\Box p \to p$, $p \to \Diamond p$, $\Box \Box p \to \Box p$, $\Diamond p \to \Diamond \Diamond p$. 2. $\Box p \lor \neg \Box p$, $\Box p \lor \Box \neg p$ 3. $\Box p \to \Box \neg \neg p$
- 2. Show by finding countermodels (models where the formulas are refuted).
 - 1. $\not\models_{\kappa} \neg (\Box \neg p \rightarrow \Box (p \rightarrow \neg p))$
 - 2. $\not\models_{\scriptscriptstyle S4} \neg ((\Diamond p \lor \Box q) \lor \neg \Diamond \Diamond p)$
 - 3. $\not\models_{\scriptscriptstyle S4} \neg (\neg \Box (\Box p \to \Box q) \to \neg \Box (p \to q))$
- 3. Translate and find countermodels, if possible.
 - 1. It is possible that it might rain.
 - 2. If Sue runs for office, Louise might run too.
 - 3. We must block door 1 or door 2.
 - 4. To start the engine, the key must be turned.
 - 5. The garbage truck can only lift the bins if they are closed.
 - 6. Sue must not be happy.
 - 7. If parents routinely question their doctor, they might not do what is right for their child.
 - 8. Fred or Mary might have stolen the diamonds, but not both.